

NEW GRAMMAR

What can I do?

Up until now you can say in a simple sentence what you can do.

Example sentence



中ごく語が出来ます。 I can speak (do) Chinese.

But what if you can READ Chinese, but can't SPEAK it? This is when you use the new pattern

Verb in the PLAIN PRESENT form + ことが出来る

Example Sentence

私は中ごく語を話すことが出来ますが、読むことが出来ません。 I can speak Chinese, but not read it.



Change the sentences as shown in the example.

日本語を話します。 → 日本語を話すことが出来ます。

1. かんじをかきます。
2. ふとんにねます。
3. タイプをうちます。
4. じてん車にのります。
5. ケーキのつくりかたをせつめいします。



Change the following into Japanese.

1. He is good at Japanese conversation.
2. She can speak Italian very well.
3. I can't read Japanese newspapers yet.
4. Can your brother ride a bike?
5. I like reading Hiragana, but I can't read Kanji very well.
6. Australian students can play many sports at school.
7. Can I change a Traveller's check at this bank? (かえる to change)
8. Kumi can understand me, but doesn't understand the teacher.
9. I want to go to Jane's party, but I can't dance.
10. John is good at cooking, but can't make chocolate cakes.